DETERMINATION OF ADMISSION OF GUILT FINES: PUBLIC HEALTH COVID-19 GENERAL REGULATIONS: PUBLIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ACT, (ACT 1 OF 2015)



REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA

MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT OF WINDHOEK

DETERMINATION OF ADMISSION OF GUILT FINES IN RESPECT OF OFFENCES IN TERMS OF THE PUBLIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ACT AND REGULATIONS,2020

(The regulations issued in terms of Section 29(1) of the Act, Regulation No.233 published in the Government Gazette No. 7342 of 23 September 2020

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came into force on 21 October 2020

Government Notice 309/2020 (GG 7404)

came into force on 01 December 2020

Government Gazette No. 7436 of 13 January 2021)

CODE	REGULATION	CHARGE	FINE		
Wearing of	Wearing of masks				
	3 (1)	Failure/refusal to wear a mask in a public	N\$4000-00		
		place ⁱ			

3(2)	Failure /refusal to wear a mask in a public	N\$4000-00
	place together with a see through face	
	shield ⁱⁱ	
3(3)	Failure/ refusal to wear a mask in a public	NAOG
	place /to leave the public place upon	
	instructions of a police officer ⁱⁱⁱ	
ngs		
4(2)	Illegally convenes a public gathering	N\$6000-00
	,except a gathering permitted by sub	
	regulation (2) ^{iv}	
4(3A)(a),(b)	Person organizing/convening/attending a	N\$6000-00
	gathering, other than a gathering referred to	
	in sub-regulation 2, fail/refuse to ensure that	
	persons attending the gathering disperse	
	before 20:00 and/ or fail or refuse to leave	
	the gathering before $20:00^{v}$	
4(4)	Failure or refusal to disperse a gathering,	NAOG
	other than a gathering referred to in	
	subregulation (2), upon instruction of a	
	police officer ^{vi}	
4(5)	Failure or refusal to maintain a register of	N\$2000-00
	the persons who attend a gathering and/or	
	ensure that the register of persons is opened	
	and maintained ^{vii}	
4(6)(a),(b),(c)	Failure or refusal to keep a register in a	N\$2000-00
	safe place for 30 days from the date of last	
	entry <i>and/or</i> to make register available for	
	information provided under this regulation	
	3(3) ags 4(2) 4(3A)(a),(b) 4(4)	place together with a see through face shield ⁱⁱ 3(3)Failure/ refusal to wear a mask in a public place /to leave the public place upon instructions of a police officer ⁱⁱⁱ gs 4(2)Illegally convenes a public gathering , except a gathering permitted by sub regulation (2) ^{iv} 4(3A)(a),(b)Person organizing/convening/attending a gathering, other than a gathering referred to in sub-regulation 2,fail/refuse to ensure that persons attending the gathering disperse before 20:00 and/ or fail or refuse to leave the gathering before 20:00 ^v 4(4)Failure or refusal to disperse a gathering, other than a gathering referred to in subregulation (2), upon instruction of a police officer ^{vi} 4(5)Failure or refusal to maintain a register of the persons who attend a gathering and/or ensure that the register of persons is opened and maintained ^{vii}

		any other person except when required to	
		so disclose it in terms of any law or by a	
		court ^{viii}	
	4(8)(a),(b),(c),(d)	Illegally facilitates, instigates or organizes	N\$6000-00
		a gathering, except a gathering permitted	
		by subregulation (2) ^{ix}	
Curfew		<u>_</u>	
	4A(2)	Illegally leaving his or her place of	N\$ 4000-00
		residence between 21:00 and 04h00 ^x	
	4A(9)	Fails/refuses to show the document issued	N\$2000-00
		to him or her in terms of subregulation (7)	
		to a police officer or any person in relation	
		to whom he or she may seek to perform a	
		function during the curfew hours ^{xi}	
Restricti	ons relating to liquor		
	5(2)(a)	Illegally sell, distribute or purchase liquor	NAOG
		without a liquor license authorizing the sale	
		of such liquor are in accordance with	
		subregulation (3) ^{xii}	
	5(3)(a)(i)(ii)	Holder of off-sales license sell, distribute	N\$6000-00
		liqour after 18:00 on a week day and/ or	
		holder of off-sales license sell, distribute	
		liquor after 13:00 on a Saturday ^{xiii}	
	5(3)(b)	Holder of on-consumption license illegally	N\$6000-00
		sell, distribute liquor after 20:00 on any day	
		AND holder of a club liquor license	
		illegally sell, distribute liquor after 00:00 ^{xiv}	
	5(3)(c)	Holder of off-sales and on-consumption	N\$6000-00
		license illegally sell, distribute or purchase	
		liquor on a Sunday and on a public	
		holiday ^{xv}	

DETERMINATION OF ADMISSION OF GUILT FINES: PUBLIC HEALTH COVID-19 GENERAL REGULATIONS:

-	business, operations a		Ντάζοοο οο
6(2	2)(a),(b)	Failure /refusal by head of institution,	N\$6000-00
		manager, person in control of business,	
		operation or activity, to put in place	
		measures and/or ensure persons accessing	
		the premises or services of the business	
		operation or activity adhere to measures to	
		combat, prevent and suppress the spread of	
		COVID-19 as specified under the	
		directives. ^{xvi}	
6(3	3)	Failure/refusal by head of institution of a	N\$6000-00
		business or operation and the organizer of	
		an activity to keep and maintain a register	
		of the persons who attend a gathering	
		and/or ensure that the register of persons is	
		opened and maintained in terms of	
		regulation 4(6) and (8) $(c)^{xvii}$	
Restrictions rel	ating to certain activit	ies	
7A	.(3)(a),(b)	Illegally facilitating, instigating or	NAOG
		organizing a sports event in contravention	
		of subregulation 7A(1) and/or	
		failure/refusal to obey an instruction issued	
		under subregulation 7A(2) ^{xviii}	
Restrictions rel	ating to entry into Na	mibia	
8(1	l)(a),(b),(c),(d),€,(f)	Failure/refusal to adhere to the restrictions	NAOG
		relating to entry into Namibia, subject to	
		sub regulations(2),(5) and $(6)^{xix}$	
8(3	B)(a),(b)	Failure/refusal to adhere to the	N\$6000-00
		restrictions relating to entry into	
		Namibia, of persons entering	
		Namibia by air under sub-regulation	

PUBLIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ACT, (ACT 1 OF 2015)

		IRONMENTAL HEALTH ACT, (ACT 1 OF 2015) 2 <i>and/or</i> failure/refusal to adhere to	
		the restrictions relating to entry into	
		Namibia, of persons entering	
		Namibia by road, sea or railway or	
		on foot under sub-regulation 2^{xx}	
	$\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A})(\mathbf{A})$		NAOG
	8(4)(a),(b)	Failure /refusal to present upon	NAOG
		entry into Namibia under	
		subregulation 2, to an authorized	
		person a negative SARSCOV-2PCR	
		test result from the country of	
		departure, which test result is not	
		older than seven days calculated	
		from the date that the sample for	
		testing was taken	
		and/or failure /refusal to present	
		upon entry into Namibia under	
		subregulation 2, to an authorized	
		person a negative SARSCOV-2PCR	
		test result from the country of	
		departure, which test result was	
		issued by a laboratory that is	
		certified in the country of issue to	
		issue SARSCOV-2 PCR test	
		results ^{xxi}	
Public tra	nsport		
	10(2)(a),(b),(c)	Failure/refusal by owner or operator of a	N\$2000-00
		vehicle used for conveying persons or	
		goods for reward, to wear a mask or to	
		ensure passengers wear a mask at all times	
		and/or failure or refusal by owner or	

	PUBLIC AND ENV	IRONMENTAL HEALTH ACT, (ACT 1 OF 2015)	
		operator of a vehicle used for conveying	
		persons or goods for reward, to provide	
		alcohol-based sanitizes for use in the	
		vehicle and/ or failure or refusal by owner	
		or operator of a vehicle used for conveying	
		persons or goods for reward, to regularly	
		disinfect the vehicle when conveying goods	
		or persons ^{xxii}	
COVID-1	19 related deaths and bu	urials	
	16(2)(b)	Failure or refusal to bury a deceased person	NAOG
		within 7 days of the death/where	
		impractical, within such reasonable time as	
		determined by an authorized person ^{xxiii}	
	16(2)(d)	Failure or refusal to allow authorized	NAOG
		person to handle human remains of a	
		deceased ^{xxiv}	
	16(2)(e)	Failure or refusal by family members to	N\$2000-00
		allow an authorized person to conduct	
		contact tracing and COVID-19 control	
		measures ^{xxv}	
	16(2)(f)(i)(ii)	Failure or refusal by family members of the	N\$2000-00
		deceased to notify an authorized persons of	
		the decision to cremate the body at own	
		cost and responsibility and/or cause the	
		body to be cremated ^{xxvi}	
	16(2)(g)	Failure or refusal to bury the deceased	NAOG
		person at the nearest burial site with the	
		local authority area, as defined in section 1	
		of the Local Authorities Act,1992(Act 23	
		of 1992), where the person died or the place	
		where the confirmation of COVID-19	

DETERMINATION OF ADMISSION OF GUILT FINES: PUBLIC HEALTH COVID-19 GENERAL REGULATIONS:

[PUBLIC AND EN	VIRONMENTAL HEALTH ACT, (ACT 1 OF 2015) cause of death was made ^{xxvii}	
	1((2)(b)		NAOG
	16(2)(h)	Failure or refusal to adhere to provisions of	NAUG
		section 21 of the Act when performing post	
		mortem examinations ^{xxviii}	
	16(2)(i)	Failure or refusal to adhere to the	NAOG
		prohibition against the conduct of a	
		posthumous re-swabbing of Covid-19 test	
		on the body of a deceased person ^{xxix}	
	16(2)(k)	Failure or refusal to adhere to the	N\$1000-00
		restriction of the number of family	
		members of the deceased allowed to view	
		the body of the deceased person ^{xxx}	
	16(2)(l)(i)(ii)	Failure or refusal to adhere to the	N\$1000-00
		restriction of the number of mourners	
		allowed at the graveside ^{xxxi}	
	16(2)(m)	Failure or refusal to adhere to the	N\$2000-00
		restriction of erecting a tombstone /other	
		works on the grave of the deceased person,	
		six months after the burial ^{xxxii}	
Offenc	es and penalties		
	28(1)(a)	Falsely representing himself/herself as an	NAOG
		authorized person, a police officer or	
		correctional officer, by words, conduct or	
		demeanor ^{xxxiii}	
	28(1)(b)	Hinder/interfere or obstruct or improperly	NAOG
		attempts to influence an authorized person,	
		a police officer or correctional officer when	
		exercising or performing a power or	
		function conferred or imposed by or under	
		these regulations or another law ^{$xxxiv$}	
	28(1)(c)	Furnishing or gives falls information to an	N\$4000-00
	20(1)(C)	Furnishing of gives faits information to all	1 194000-00

PUBLIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ACT, (ACT 1 OF 2015)

DETERMINATION OF ADMISSION OF GUILT FINES: PUBLIC HEALTH COVID-19 GENERAL REGULATIONS:

	authorized person, a police officer or a	
	correctional officer ^{xxxv}	
NA	Improperly influence an authorized person	28(1)(d)
	concerning a matter connected with the	
	functions of the authorized person, a police	
	officer or correctional officer ^{xxxvi}	
NA	Failure or refusal to obey an instruction	28(1) (e)
	issued under these regulations or the Act by	
	an authorized person, a police officer or a	
	correctional officer ^{xxxvii}	
N\$3000	Publishing any false or misleading	28(2)(a)
	statement about the COVID-19 status of	
	any person ^{xxxviii}	
NA	Publishing of any false or misleading	28(2)(b)
	statement, in connection with any measures	
	taken by the Government to combat,	
	prevent and suppress COVID -19 as	
	specified in and under these regulations ^{xxxix}	
N\$2000	Visiting or entering a place, premises or	28(4)
	facility where such entry is prohibited in	
	terms of these regulations ^{x1}	
N\$2000	Person under mandatory supervised	28(5)
	quarantine or isolation ,invites or allows a	
	visitor who is prohibited from entering the	
	quarantine or isolation facility ^{xli}	
N\$4000	Exits a quarantine facility or an isolation	28(6)
	facility prior to being discharged by an	
	authorized person ^{xlii}	
NA	Refusal to undergo a test for COVID-19	28(7)(a)
	when required to do so ^{xliii}	
NA	Refusal to subject himself/herself to	28 (7(b)

PUBLIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ACT, (ACT 1 OF 2015)

	quarantine or isolation when required to be	
	quarantined or isolated ^{xliv}	

If there is a need for the setting of Admission of Guilt for any other crimes in terms of these

Regulations, the Public Prosecutor may be approached.

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE

WINDHOEK

REFERENCES TO REGULATIONS

¹**Reg 3.** (1) Every person must wear a mask whenever he or she is at or in a public place.

ⁱⁱ **Reg 3 (2)** Wearing of a see-through face shield is permitted, provided that a mask is worn together with the face shield. (3) A police officer may instruct a person who is not wearing a mask as contemplated in sub regulation (1) or (2) to wear a mask or to leave the public place.

ⁱⁱⁱ **Reg 3.(3)** A police officer may instruct a person who is not wearing a mask as contemplated in sub regulation (1) or (2) to wear a mask or to leave the public place.

^{iv} **Reg. 4(1)** For the purpose of this regulation, "gathering" means a group of more than 50 persons.

^v Reg 4 "(3A) A person who - (a) organized or hosted a gathering, other than a gathering referred to in sub regulation (2), permitted in terms of this regulation must ensure that persons attending the gathering disperse before 20:00; and (b) attends a gathering, other than a gathering referred to in sub regulation (2), permitted in terms of this regulation must leave the gathering before 20:00."; and

^{vi} Reg 4. (4) A police officer may instruct a gathering, other than a gathering referred to in sub regulation
(2), to disperse and may use all reasonable measures to cause a gathering or group to disperse.

^{vii} **Reg 4. (5)** The person organising or hosting a gathering permitted in terms of this regulation, except a gathering referred to in subregulation (2)(a) and (f), must - (a) open and maintain a register of the persons who attend the gathering; or (b) ensure that the register of the persons referred to in paragraph (a) is opened and maintained, for the purpose of recording the particulars of persons who attend the gathering

^{viii} **Reg 4.** (6) The persons who are required to open and maintain a register in accordance with subregulation (5) must - (a) keep the register in a safe place for 30 days from the date of last entry; (b) on request, make the register available for inspection by an authorised person or police officer; and (c) treat the information provided under this regulation as confidential, and may not disclose that information to any other person except as provided in paragraph (b) or when required to so disclose it in terms of any law or by a court.

^{ix} **Reg 4."(8)** A person who - (a) facilitates, instigates or organises a gathering, except a gathering permitted by subregulation (2); (b) contravenes or fails to comply with subregulation (3A); (c) fails or refuses to obey an instruction issued under subregulation (4); or (d) contravenes or fails to comply with subregulation (5) or (6), commits an offence and is on conviction liable to the penalties specified in section 29(3) of the Act.".

* **Reg 4A. (2)** Subject to subregulation (3), a person may not leave his or her place of residence between 21:00 and 04:00 on each day

^{xi} **Reg 4A. (9)** A person performing a critical service must on request show the document issued to him or her in terms of subregulation (7) to a police officer or any person in relation to whom he or she may seek to perform a function.

^{xii} **Reg 5.** (2) A person may only sell liquor and a person may only purchase liquor if - (a) the person who sells the liquor holds a liquor licence authorising the sale of liquor, and the sale of liquor is in accordance with that licence; and (b) the sale and purchase of liquor are in accordance with subregulation (3)

^{xiii} **Reg 5. "(3)** Despite any contrary condition applicable to any type of liquor licence issued under the Liquor Act, the sale of liquor in terms of a liquor licence and the purchase of liquor may - (a) where the seller is the holder of an off-sales licence -

(i) only take place starting at the time specified in the liquor licence until 18:00 on a week day;
(ii) only take place starting at the time specified in the liquor licence until 13:00 on a Saturday;
^{xiv} Reg 5. (3) Despite......

(b) where the seller is the holder of an on-consumption licence, only take place starting at the time specified in the liquour license until 20:00provided that the holder of a club liquour licence may sell liquour until 00:00; and

^{xv} **Reg 5.** (3) Despite....

(c) in both cases referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b), not take place on a Sunday and on a public holiday.".

^{xvi} **Reg 6.** (2) Every head of the institution and every manager or person in control of any business, operation and activity which is permitted to operate under subregulation (1) must –

(a) put in place measures;

(b) ensure that the persons accessing the premises and services of the business, operation or activity at all times adhere to the measures, to combat, prevent and suppress the spread of COVID-19 as specified in and under these regulations and the directives.

^{xvii} **Reg 6. (3)** The head of the institution of a business or operation and the organiser of an activity referred to in subregulation (1) must keep and maintain a register that contains the full name, identification number or passport number and telephone number or cellular phone number of each client or customer that visits the business or attends or participates in the activity and the provisions of regulation 4(6) and (8)(c) with necessary changes apply to that register.

xviii Reg 7A(3) A person who-

(a) facilitates, instigates or organizes a sporting event in contravention of subregulation (1); or

(b) fails or refuses to obey an instruction issued under subregulation(2)

xix Reg 8. (1) Subject to subregulations (2), (5) and (6), every person who –

(a) is not a Namibian citizen;

(b) does not hold a permanent residence permit for Namibia;

(c) is not domiciled in Namibia or otherwise lawfully resident in Namibia;

(d) is not part of a team of medical personnel that is required to provide medical services in Namibia to alleviate the COVID-19 pandemic;

(e) is not a member of the diplomatic or consular staff of a country that is accredited to Namibia or in transit to another country; or

(f) is not a spouse or child of a person referred to in paragraphs (a) to (e),

must be refused entry into Namibia under section 10 of the Immigration Control Act

** Reg 8. (3) Persons entering Namibia by –

(a) air under subregulation (2) may only enter the country through Hosea Kutako International airport in Windhoek or Walvis Bay airport in Walvis Bay; and

(b) road, sea or railway or on foot under subregulation (2) may only use ground border ports of entry that have been specifically designated on a reciprocal basis for that purpose by the Minister responsible for home affairs and immigration.

^{xxi}**Reg 8. "(4)** Persons permitted to enter Namibia under subregulation (2) may not enter Namibia unless such persons at the time of entering Namibia present to an authorised person a negative SARSCOV-2 PCR test result from the country of departure, which test result –

(a) is not older than seven days calculated from the date that the sample for testing was taken; and

(b) was issued by a laboratory that is certified in the country of issue to issue SARSCOV-2 PCR test results.".

^{xxii} **Reg 10. (5)** Every owner or operator of a vehicle used for the purposes of conveying persons or goods for reward must –

(a) ensure that the driver of a public vehicle carrying passengers in terms of an authorisation granted in terms of any law wears a mask and the driver must ensure that all passengers wear masks at all times;

(b) provide alcohol-based hand sanitisers for use in the vehicle; and

(c) Regularly disinfect or cause the regular disinfection of the vehicle used for the purposes of conveying persons or goods, and before and after each conveyance.

^{xxiii} **Reg 16 (2)"(b)** the burial of the deceased person must take place within seven days of the death or, where impractical, within such reasonable time as determined by an authorised officer.";

xxiv Reg 16 (2) (d) human remains of the deceased person may only to be handled by authorised persons;

^{xxv} **Reg 16.2(2)(e)** the family must, in compliance with these regulations, allow authorised persons to conduct contact tracing and COVID-19 control measures;

^{xxvi}**Reg 16 (2) (f) (i)**,(ii) Family members of the deceased person may opt to have the body cremated at own cost and responsibility, in which case they must as soon as possible but within the period referred to in paragraph (b) - (i) notify an authorised person of the decision; and

(ii) cause the deceased's body to be cremated;

^{xxvii} **Reg 16(2)(g)** the body of the deceased person must be buried at the nearest burial site within the local authority area, as defined in section 1 of the Local Authorities Act, 1992 (Act No. 23 of 1992), where the person died or the place where the confirmation of COVID-19 as the cause of death was made;

^{xxviii}**Reg 16(2)(h)** a post-mortem examination may not be performed on the body of the deceased person, except as provided for in section 21 of the Act;

^{xxix} Reg 16(2)(i) posthumous re-swabbing of Covid-19 test on the body of a deceased person is prohibited; ^{xxx} Reg 16(2)(k) only two family members of the deceased person are allowed to view the deceased person

through a glass window;

xxxi Reg 16(2)(l) only 10 mourners are allowed at the grave site and of these –

(i) two mourners are allowed at a distance of five metres from the grave; and

(ii) eight mourners are allowed at a distance of 50 metres from the grave; and

^{xxxii} **Reg16(2)** (**m**) a tombstone and other works on the grave of the deceased person, other than that of a person who was cremated, may only be done six months after burial.

^{xoxiii} **Reg 28(1)** (**a**) not being an authorised person or police officer or a correctional officer, by words, conduct or demeanour falsely represents himself or herself to be an authorised person or police officer or correctional officer;

^{xxxiv} **Reg 28(1(b)** hinders, obstructs or improperly attempts to influence an authorised person or police officer or a correctional officer when exercising or performing a power or function conferred or imposed by or under these regulations or another law;

^{xxxv} **Reg 28(1) (c)** furnishes or gives false or misleading information to an authorised person or police officer or a correctional officer; or

^{xxxvi} **Reg 28(1)(d)** does anything calculated to improperly influence an authorised person or police officer, or a correctional officer concerning a matter connected with the functions of the authorised person police officer or a correctional officer.

^{xoxvii} **Reg 28(1) (e)** fails or refuses to comply with a lawful instruction issued under these regulations or the Act by an authorized person, a police officer or a correctional officer performing an act under, or exercising a power under these regulations or the Act.

^{xxxviii} **Reg 28(2)(a)** A person commits an offence if that person, through any form of media, including social media, knowingly or without having taken reasonable steps to ascertain the correctness of any information - (a) publishes any false or misleading statement about the COVID-19 status of any person; or

^{xxxix} **Reg 28(2) (b)** publishes any false or misleading statement, in connection with measures to combat, prevent and suppress COVID-19 as specified in and under these regulations.

^{x1} **Reg 28(4)** Any person who visits or enters a place, premises or facility where such entry is prohibited in terms of these regulations commits an offence, and is on conviction liable to the penalties specified in section 29(3) of the Act.

^{xli} **Reg 28(5)** Any person who is under mandatory supervised quarantine or isolation who invites or allows a visitor who is prohibited from entering the quarantine or isolation facility commits an offence, and is on conviction liable to the penalties specified in section 29(3) of the Act.

^{xlii} **Reg28(6)** A person who exits a quarantine facility or an isolation facility prior to being discharged by an authorised person commits an offence, and is on conviction liable to the penalties specified in section 29(3) of the Act.

xliii Reg 28(7)(a)) A person who refuses to be –

(a) undergo a test for COVID-9 when required to do so; or

xliv Reg 28(7)(b) subjected to quarantine or isolation when required to be quarantined or isolated